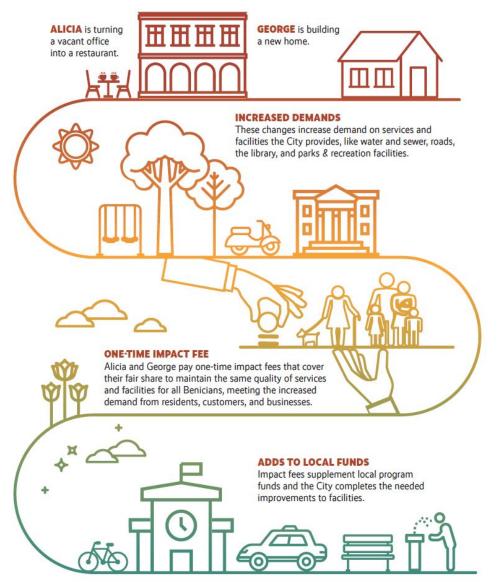
COMPREHENSIVE IMPACT FEE UPDATE *STATUS REPORT*

City of Benicia Economic Development Board September 23, 2020



WHAT ARE IMPACT FEES?



City of Benicia Impact Fee Study | 1

WHO PAYS IMPACT FEES?

 Applicants who submit applications for new development or intensification of use

Year	ADU	Single Family	Commercial	Total Applicants Paid Impact Fees
2020				
2019				
2018				
2017				
TOTAL				

WHO PAYS IMPACT FEES?

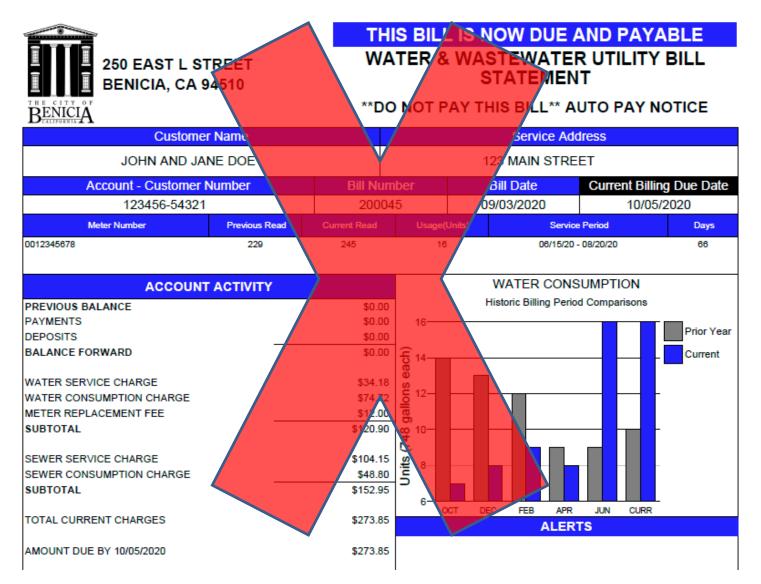
- Applicants who submit applications for new development or intensification of use
- Over the past four years, 36 applicants have paid impact fees in Benicia

Year	ADU	Single Family	Commercial	Total Applicants Paid Impact Fees
2020	1	0	3	4
2019	5	8	3	16
2018	5	4	2	11
2017	0	3	2	5
TOTAL	11	15	10	36

IMPACT FEES ARE NOT...



IMPACT FEES ARE NOT...



BENEFITS OF IMPACT FEE UPDATE

For Applicants

- Clear, straight-forward impact fee schedule (available online) and simplified land use categories = streamlined process
- City is able to fund quality-of-life improvements

Other

 Realignment of fees to be consistent with growth projections, current capital facility needs, and industry best practices



BEFORE UPDATE Some applicants reported that identifying fees was cumbersome and time-consuming.



AFTER UPDATE

The single checklist will make it easier for applicants to identify the impact fees that are relevant to their project.

SCOPE OF UPDATE

- Wastewater (Sewer) Capacity Fee
 - First established 1970s
- Water Capacity Fee
 - First established 1976
- Parkland Dedication In-Lieu Fee (Quimby)
 - First established 1986
- Park Improvement Impact Fee
 - First established 1992
- Transportation (Traffic) Impact Fee
 - First established 1992
- Library Impact Fee
 - First established 1992

OVERVIEW OF STUDY PROCESS

- Coordination with each of the affected departments
 - Planning and Community Development (demographic growth forecasts)
 - Parks
 - Library
 - Public Works (transportation and utilities)
- Outreach (January, September, November)
- Calculation of maximum, justifiable fee levels
- Policy considerations (e.g., fee survey, feasibility)
- Recommended fees

LIBRARY IMPACT FEE

- Impact fee program ensures that new development pays its fair share of the City's library improvements
 - City's share of future Countywide system costs
 - Expansion of collection
 - Basement finishing
- Who pays and under what circumstances?
 - New residential development



PARKLAND IN-LIEU FEE (QUIMBY)

- Fee program offered in lieu of the City's parkland dedication requirement (Subdivision Map Act).
- Ensures that the City's existing ratio of parkland acreage to 1,000 residents is maintained as new subdivision development occurs.
- Who pays and under what circumstances?
 - New residential subdivisions subject to the Subdivision Map Act
- Revenue can be used to acquire parkland or fund improvements.



PARK IMPACT FEE

- Impact fee program ensures that new development pays its fair share of the City's future park and trail improvements
- Master Plan underway
 - Waterfront Park (shoreline access)
 - Play structures, amenities, restrooms, major landscaping
 - Capital expenses only, no operations or maintenance
- Who pays and under what circumstances?
 - New residential development
 - Policy decision not to charge nonresidential development
 - Policy decision to waive for residential subdivision development





PARK IMPROVEMENTS

- Master Plan underway
 - Waterfront Park (shoreline access)
 - Play structures, amenities, restrooms, major landscaping
 - Capital expenses only, no operations or maintenance



PARK IMPROVEMENTS



ST. PAUL'S SQUARE RENOVATION

PLAYGROUND OF DREAMS -----



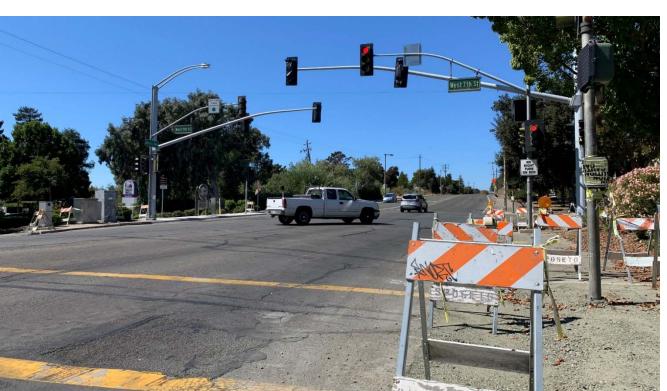
TRANSPORTATION

- Impact fee program ensures that new development pays its fair share of the City's future transportation improvements
- Who pays and under what circumstances?
 - New residential and nonresidential development or intensification of use
- Methodology
 - Introduction of vehicle miles traveled (VMT) accounts for trip length in addition to number of trips
 - Introduction of multimodal improvements



TRANSPORTATION

- How is revenue used?
 - Traffic Improvements
 - Traditional roadway and intersection improvements
 - Multimodal Improvements
 - Bicycle
 - Pedestrian
 - Capital expenses only, no O&M





TEN GREAT BIKE RIDES AND WALKS IN BENICIA



WATER/WASTEWATER



Background context

- City has its own water and wastewater treatment plants
- Only sources of revenue for water/wastewater utilities are fees (paid by new development) and rates (paid by existing residents and businesses)
- Conservative approach: used depreciated values for existing infrastructure and excluded reserves
- Wastewater updated to reflect both strength and flow (industry best practice)

Who pays?

- New residential and nonresidential development or intensification of use
- Not the same as rates

Economic & Planning Systems

WATER/WASTEWATER

- Revenue used to fund improvements identified in 2020 Water/Wastewater Condition Assessments
- Example: Lower Arsenal/East 5th Street Water Pipeline Project







TIMELINE

- Wednesday, September 23rd at 5:30 pm: public outreach through Economic Development Board meeting (present overview of impact fees and review scope of fee update)
- Wednesday, November 18th at 5:30 pm: public outreach through Economic Development Board meeting (present proposed, updated fee levels)
- Tuesday, December 15th at 7pm: City Council presentation

QUESTIONS?

RESOURCE SLIDES

OVERVIEW OF DEVELOPER FEES

WHAT ARE DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES?

- Authorized by the Mitigation Fee Act (Gov. Code §§ 66000)
- Who Pays?
 - One-time charges on new development (or intensification of use)

How is Fee Established?

 Calculated according to "nexus logic" - documents a reasonable relationship between new development (or intensification of use) and associated impacts; requires a Nexus Study

• How is Fee Revenue Used?

- Can only be used to fund capital projects (not maintenance or operations)
- Cannot be used to address existing deficiencies
- City examples: transportation, library, park improvement
- Water/Wastewater: similar logic but different legal authorization (Gov. Code §§ 66013)
 - Only sources of revenue for water/wastewater are fees and rates

OVERVIEW OF DEVELOPER FEES

WHAT ARE PARKLAND DEDICATION IN-LIEU FEES?

- Authorized by the Subdivision Map Act (Gov. Code §§ 66477)
- Fee is in-lieu of dedicating parkland
- Also referred to as Quimby fees
- Who Pays?
 - One time charges on new residential subdivision development
- How is Fee Established?
 - Calculated according to prescribed methodology based on current level of service and current land value
- How is Fee Revenue Used?
 - Used to acquire and/or improve parkland to serve new subdivision development

ECONOMIC CONSIDERATION OF FEES

- Fees are investments in necessary infrastructure and contribute to the City's quality of life
- Fees ensure that new development pays its fair share of infrastructure costs (General Plan policy)
 - Other sources of revenue are needed to fund existing deficiencies
 - For water/wastewater, City only has fees and rates
- Impact fees provide certainty to developers in terms of City infrastructure/capital requirements
- Impact fees (or in-lieu fees) add to the cost of new construction and can affect development feasibility
- Total fee burdens are sometimes moderated by reducing fees to provide funding for necessary capital facilities while balancing development feasibility
 - Tradeoffs

RATIONALE FOR FEE UPDATE

- Periodic Update. State law recommends periodic review and update of impact fees approximately every 5 years.
- Changes in Facility Requirements and Costs. Some facility needs identified in the past for which fees were collected have been completed and facility needs going forward have changed; cost estimates required updating.
- Changed Growth Prospects. Current population and future population forecasts require periodic updating.
- Refined Land Use Categories. Land use categories in the current update are intended to provide clarity to developers and fee program administrators; categories are consistent with Solano County's fee program.
- Changing Legal Landscape. City's fee programs need to be in compliance with recent shifts/updates to state law (e.g., ADUs, transparency in reporting, etc.)

POLICY DECISIONS

Conservative Approach

- Growth assumptions
- Park fees
 - residential subdivision projects will only pay in-lieu fee, not in-lieu fee plus impact fee
 - City will not charge park improvement impact fee to nonresidential development
- Water/wastewater fees
 - reserves are excluded from water/sewer capacity fees ۲
 - depreciated values used for existing infrastructure in water/sewer capacity fees
- Admin fees excluded
- Other fees
 - Other fees (e.g., police facilities, storm drain, general plan update, public art in-lieu) not pursued at this time
- **Other Policy Considerations**
 - Updated water and wastewater technical approach
- Transportation fee includes multimodal improvements City of Benicia Impact Fee Study | 25 Economic & Planning Systems